

LIST OF SECTORS, SUBSECTORS & TYPE OF ENTITIES UNDER THE SCOPE OF THE "PROPOSAL FOR A DIRECTIVE ON MEASURES FOR HIGH LEVEL OF CYBERSECURITY ACROSS THE UNION" (NIS 2.0) & "THE PROPOSAL FOR A DIRECTIVE ON THE RESILIENCE OF CRITICAL ENTITIES"

NIS 2.0 DIRECTIVE / DIRECTIVE ON THE RESILIENCE OF CRITICAL ENTITIES

ESSENTIAL ENTITIES				
Sector	Subsector	Type of entity		
1. Energy	(a) Electricity	Electricity undertakings referred to in point (57) of Article 2 of Directive (EU) 2019/944, which carry out the function of 'supply' referred to in point (12) of Article 2 of that Directive (1)	> DIRECTIVE (EU) 2019/944 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 5 June 2019 on common rules for the internal market for electricity and amending Directive 2012/27/EU (recast) Art. 2 (57) 'electricity undertaking' means a natural or legal person who carries out at least one of the following functions: generation, transmission, distribution, aggregation, demand response, energy storage, supply or purchase of electricity, and who is responsible for the commercial, technical or maintenance tasks related to those functions, but does not include final customers. Art. 2 (12) 'supply' means the sale, including the resale, of electricity to customers.	
		Distribution system operators referred to in point (29) of Article 2 of Directive (EU) 2019/944	Art. 2 (29) 'distribution system operator' means a natural or legal person who is responsible for operating, ensuring the maintenance of and, if necessary, developing the distribution system in a given area and, where applicable, its interconnections with other systems, and for ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demands for the distribution of electricity.	
		Transmission system operators referred to in point (35) of Article 2 of Directive (EU) 2019/944	Art. 2 (35) 'transmission system operator' means a natural or legal person who is responsible for operating, ensuring the maintenance of and, if necessary, developing the transmission system in a given area and, where applicable, its interconnections with other systems, and for ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demands for the transmission of electricity.	
		Producers referred to in point (38) of Article 2 of Directive (EU) 2019/944	> DIRECTIVE (EU) 2019/944 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 5 June 2019 on common rules for the internal market for electricity and amending Directive 2012/27/EU. Art. 2 (38) 'producer' means a natural or legal person who generates electricity.	
		Nominated electricity market operators referred to in point 8 of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2019/943	> REGULATION (EU) 2019/943 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 5 June 2019 on the internal market for electricity. Art.2 (8) 'nominated electricity market operator' or 'NEMO' means a market operator designated by the competent authority to carry out tasks related to single day-ahead or single intraday coupling	
		Electricity market participants referred to in point (25) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2019/943 providing aggregation, demand response or energy storage services referred to in points (18), (20) and (59) of Article 2 of Directive (EU) 2019/44	> REGULATION (EU) 2019/943 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 5 June 2019 on the internal market for electricity. Art.2 (25) 'market participant' means a natural or legal person who buys, sells or generates electricity, who is engaged in aggregation or who is an operator of demand response or energy storage services, including through the placing of orders to trade, in one or more electricity markets, including in balancing energy markets. > DIRECTIVE (EU) 2019/944 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 5 June 2019 on common rules for the internal market for electricity and amending Directive 2012/27/EU. Art. 2 (18) 'aggregation' means a function performed by a natural or legal person who combines multiple customer loads or generated electricity for sale, purchase or auction in any electricity market. Art. 2 (20) 'demand response' means the change of electricity load by final customers from their normal or current consumption patterns in response to market signals, including in response to time-variable electricity prices or incentive payments, or in response to the acceptance of the final customer's bid to sell demand reduction or increase at a price in an organised market as defined in point (4) of Article 2 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1348/2014 (17), whether alone or through aggregation. Art. 2 (59) 'energy storage' means, in the electricity system, deferring the final use of electricity to a moment later than when it was generated, or the conversion of electrical energy into a form of energy which can be stored, the storing of such energy, and the subsequent reconversion of such energy into electrical energy or use as another energy carrier.	
		(b) District heating and cooling	District heating or district cooling referred to in point (19) of Article 2 of the Directive (EU) 2018/2001 (3) on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources	> DIRECTIVE (EU) 2018/2001 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 11 December 2018 on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources. Art. 2 (19) 'district heating' or 'district cooling' means the distribution of thermal energy in the form of steam, hot water or chilled liquids, from central or decentralised sources of production through a network to multiple buildings or sites, for the use of space or process heating or cooling.
		(c) Oil	Operators of oil transmission pipelines	
			Operators of oil production, refining and treatment facilities, storage and transmission	
			Central oil stockholding entities referred to in point (f) of Article 2 of Council Directive 2009/119/EC	> DIRECTIVE 2009/119/EC of 14 September 2009 imposing an obligation on Member States to maintain minimum stocks of crude oil and/or petroleum products. Art. 2 (f) 'central stockholding entity' (CSE) means the body or service upon which powers may be conferred to act to acquire, maintain or sell oil stocks, including emergency stocks and specific stocks.
		(d) Gas	Supply undertakings referred to in point (8) of Article 2 of Directive (EU) 2009/73/EC	> DIRECTIVE 2009/73/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in natural gas and repealing Directive 2003/55/EC. Art. 2 (8) 'storage facility' means a facility used for the stocking of natural gas and owned and/or operated by a natural gas undertaking, including the part of LNG facilities used for storage but excluding the portion used for production operations, and excluding facilities reserved exclusively for transmission system operators in carrying out their functions.
			Distribution system operators referred to in point (6) of Article 2 of Directive 2009/73/EC	> DIRECTIVE 2009/73/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in natural gas and repealing Directive 2003/55/EC. Art. 2 (6) 'distribution system operator' means a natural or legal person who carries out the function of distribution and is responsible for operating, ensuring the maintenance of, and, if necessary, developing the distribution system in a given area and, where applicable, its interconnections with other systems, and for ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demands for the distribution of gas.
			Transmission system operators referred to point (4) of Article 2 of Directive 2009/73/EC	> DIRECTIVE 2009/73/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in natural gas and repealing Directive 2003/55/EC. Art. 2 (4) 'transmission system operator' means a natural or legal person who carries out the function of transmission and is responsible for operating, ensuring the maintenance of, and, if necessary, developing the transmission system in a given area and, where applicable, its interconnections with other systems, and for ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demands for the transport of gas.
			Storage system operators referred to in point (10) of Article 2 of Directive 2009/73/EC	> DIRECTIVE 2009/73/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in natural gas and repealing Directive 2003/55/EC. Art. 2 (10) 'storage system operator' means a natural or legal person who carries out the function of storage and is responsible for operating a storage facility.
		LNG system operators referred to in point (12) of Article 2 of Directive 2009/73/EC	> DIRECTIVE 2009/73/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in natural gas and repealing Directive 2003/55/EC. Art. 2 (12) 'LNG system operator' means a natural or legal person who carries out the function of liquefaction of natural gas, or the importation, offloading, and re-gasification of LNG and is responsible for operating a LNG facility.	
		Natural gas undertakings as defined in point (1) of Article 2 of Directive 2009/73/EC	> DIRECTIVE 2009/73/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal market in natural gas and repealing Directive 2003/55/EC. Art. 2 (1) 'natural gas undertaking' means a natural or legal person carrying out at least one of the following functions: production, transmission, distribution, supply, purchase or storage of natural gas, including LNG, which is responsible for the commercial, technical and/or maintenance tasks related to those functions, but shall not include final customers.	
		Operators of natural gas refining and treatment facilities		
	(e) Hydrogen	Operators of hydrogen production, storage and transmission		
2. Transport	(a) Air	Air carriers referred to in point (4) of Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 300/2008	> REGULATION (EC) No 300/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 11 March 2008 on common rules in the field of civil aviation security and repealing Regulation (EC) No 2320/2002. Art. 3 (4) 'air carrier' means an air transport undertaking holding a valid operating licence or equivalent.	
		Airport managing bodies referred to in point (2) of Article 2 of Directive 2009/12/EC, airports referred to in point (1) of Article 2 of that Directive, including the core airports listed in Section 2 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013, and entities operating ancillary installations contained within airports	> DIRECTIVE 2009/12/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 11 March 2009 on airport charges. Art. 2 (2) 'airport managing body' means a body which, in conjunction with other activities or not as the case may be, has as its objective under national laws, regulations or contracts the administration and management of the airport or airport network infrastructures and the coordination and control of the activities of the different operators present in the airports or airport network concerned. Art. 2 (1) 'airport' means any land area specifically adapted for the landing, taking-off and manoeuvring of aircraft, including the ancillary installations which these operations may involve for the requirements of aircraft traffic and services, including the installations needed to assist commercial air services.	
		Traffic management control operators providing air traffic control (ATC) services referred to in point (1) of Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 549/2004	> REGULATION (EC) No 549/2004 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 10 March 2004 laying down the framework for the creation of the single European sky Art. 2 (1) 'air traffic control (ATC) service' means a service provided for the purpose of: (a) preventing collisions: — between aircraft, and — in the manoeuvring area between aircraft and obstructions; and (b) expediting and maintaining an orderly flow of air traffic.	
		(b) Rail	Infrastructure managers referred to in point (2) of Article 3 of Directive 2012/34/EU	> DIRECTIVE 2012/34/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 21 November 2012 establishing a single European railway area. Art. 3 (2) 'infrastructure manager' means any body or firm responsible in particular for establishing, managing and maintaining railway infrastructure, including traffic management and control-command and signalling; the functions of the infrastructure manager on a network or part of a network may be allocated to different bodies or firms.
			Railway undertakings referred to in point (1) of Article 3 of Directive 2012/34/EU, including operators of service facilities referred to in point (12) of Article 3 of Directive 2012/34/EU	> DIRECTIVE 2012/34/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 21 November 2012 establishing a single European railway area. Art. 3 (1) 'railway undertaking' means any public or private undertaking licensed according to this Directive, the principal business of which is to provide services for the transport of goods and/or passengers by rail with a requirement that the undertaking ensure traction; this also includes undertakings which provide traction only.
		(c) Water	Inland, sea and coastal passenger and freight water transport companies, referred to for maritime transport in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 725/2004, not including the individual vessels operated by those companies	> REGULATION (EC) No 725/2004 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 31 March 2004 on enhancing ship and port facility security. -> LINK : https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32004R0725&from=FR
			Managing bodies of ports referred to in point (1) of Article 3 of Directive 2005/65/EC, including their port facilities referred to in point (11) of Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 725/2004, and entities operating works and equipment contained within ports	> DIRECTIVE 2005/65/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 26 October 2005 on enhancing port security. Art. 3 (1) 'port' means any specified area of land and water, with boundaries defined by the Member State in which the port is situated, containing works and equipment designed to facilitate commercial maritime transport operations. > REGULATION (EC) No 725/2004 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 31 March 2004 on enhancing ship and port facility security. Art. 2 (11) 'port facility' means a location where the ship/port interface takes place; this includes areas such as anchorages, waiting berths and approaches from seaward, as appropriate.
			Operators of vessel traffic services referred to in point (o) of Article 3 of Directive 2002/59/EC	> DIRECTIVE 2002/59/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 27 June 2002 establishing a Community vessel traffic monitoring and information system and repealing Council Directive 93/75/EEC. Art. 3 (o) vessel traffic service (VTS) means a service designed to improve the safety and efficiency of vessel traffic and to protect the environment, which has the capability to interact with the traffic and to respond to traffic situations developing in the VTS area.
	(d) Road	Road authorities referred to in point (12) of Article 2 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/962 responsible for traffic management control	> COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2015/962 of 18 December 2014 supplementing Directive 2010/40/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to the provision of EU-wide real-time traffic information services. Art. 2 (12) 'road authority' means any public authority responsible for the planning, control or management of roads falling within its territorial competence.	
		Operators of Intelligent Transport Systems referred to in point (1) of Article 4 of Directive 2010/40/EU	> DIRECTIVE 2010/40/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 7 July 2010 on the framework for the deployment of Intelligent Transport Systems in the field of road transport and for interfaces with other modes of transport. Art. 4 (1) 'Intelligent Transport Systems' or 'ITS' means systems in which information and communication technologies are applied in the field of road transport, including infrastructure, vehicles and users, and in traffic management and mobility management, as well as for interfaces with other modes of transport.	
3. Banking		Credit institutions referred to in point (1) of Article 4 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013		
4. Financial market infrastructures		Operators of trading venues referred to in point (24) of Article 4 of Directive 2014/65/EU	> DIRECTIVE 2014/65/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Directive 2002/92/EC and Directive 2011/61/EU. Art. 4 (24) 'trading venue' means a regulated market, an MTF or an OTF.	

		Central counterparties (CCPs) referred to in point (1) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 648/2012	> REGULATION (EU) No 648/2012 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories. Art. 2 (1) 'CCP' means a legal person that interposes itself between the counterparties to the contracts traded on one or more financial markets, becoming the buyer to every seller and the seller to every buyer.
5. Health		Healthcare providers referred to in point (g) of Article 3 of Directive 2011/24/EU	> DIRECTIVE 2011/24/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9 March 2011 on the application of patients' rights in cross-border healthcare. Art. 3 (g) 'healthcare provider' means any natural or legal person or any other entity legally providing healthcare on the territory of a Member State.
		EU reference laboratories referred to in Article 15 of Regulation XXXX/XXXX on serious cross-border threats to health	> COM(2020)727 (Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on serious cross-border threats to health and repealing Decision No 1082/2013/EU). Art. 15 LINK -> https://eur-lex.europa.eu/resource.html?uri=cellar:9ac56db8-24e6-11eb-9d7e-01aa75ed71a1.0001.02/DOC_1&format=PDF
		Entities carrying out research and development activities of medicinal products referred to in Article 1 point 2 of Directive 2001/83/EC.	> DIRECTIVE 2001/83/EC on the Community code relating to medicinal products for human use. Art. 1 (2) Medicinal product: Any substance or combination of substances presented for treating or preventing disease in human beings. Any substance or combination of substances which may be administered to human beings with a view to making a medical diagnosis or to restoring, correcting or modifying physiological functions in human beings is likewise considered a medicinal product.
		Entities manufacturing basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical preparations referred to in section C division 21 of NACE Rev. 2	21 Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical preparations 21.1 Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products 21.10 Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products 21.2 Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations 21.20 Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations
		Entities manufacturing medical devices considered as critical during a public health emergency ('the public health emergency critical devices list') referred to in Article 20 of Regulation XXXX	COM(2020)725 (Proposal for a REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on a reinforced role for the European Medicines Agency in crisis preparedness and management for medicinal products and medical devices) Art. 20 List of critical medical devices and information to be provided 1. Immediately following the recognition of a public health emergency and after consultation of its working party, the Medical Devices Steering Group shall adopt a list of medical devices which it considers as critical during the public health emergency ('the public health emergency critical devices list'). The list shall be updated whenever necessary until the termination of the recognition of the public health emergency. 2. The Medical Devices Steering Group shall adopt a set of information necessary to monitor the supply and demand of medical devices included on the public health emergency critical devices list and inform its working party thereof. 3. The Agency shall publish the public health emergency critical devices list and any updates to that list on its web-portal.
6. Drinking water		Suppliers and distributors of water intended for human consumption referred to in point (1)(a) of Article 2 of Council Directive 98/83/EC but excluding distributors for whom distribution of water for human consumption is only part of their general activity of distributing other commodities and goods which are not considered essential or important services	> COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 98/83/EC of 3 November 1998 on the quality of water intended for human consumption. Art. 2 (1) (a) 'water intended for human consumption' shall mean (a) all water either in its original state or after treatment, intended for drinking, cooking, food preparation or other domestic purposes, regardless of its origin and whether it is supplied from a distribution network, from a tanker, or in bottles or containers.
7. Waste water		Undertakings collecting, disposing or treating urban, domestic and industrial waste water referred to in points (1) to (3) of Article 2 of Council Directive 91/271/EEC	> COUNCIL DIRECTIVE of 21 May 1991 concerning urban waste water treatment. Art. 2 (1) to (3) 1. 'urban waste water' means domestic waste water or the mixture of domestic waste water with industrial waste water and/or run-off rain water ; 2. 'domestic waste water' means waste water from residential settlements and services which originates predominantly from the human metabolism and from household activities ; 3. 'industrial waste water' means any waste water which is discharged from premises used for carrying on any trade or industry, other than domestic waste water and run-off rain water
8. Digital infrastructure		Internet Exchange Point providers	'internet exchange point (IXP)' means a network facility which enables the interconnection of more than two independent networks (autonomous systems), primarily for the purpose of facilitating the exchange of internet traffic; an IXP provides interconnection only for autonomous systems; an IXP does not require the internet traffic passing between any pair of participating autonomous systems to pass through any third autonomous system, nor does it alter or otherwise interfere with such traffic.
		DNS service providers	'domain name system (DNS)' means a hierarchical distributed naming system which allows end-users to reach services and resources on the internet. 'DNS service provider' means an entity that provides recursive or authoritative domain name resolution services to internet end-users and other DNS service providers.
		TLD name registries	'top-level domain name registry' means an entity which has been delegated a specific TLD and is responsible for administering the TLD including the registration of domain names under the TLD and the technical operation of the TLD, including the operation of its name servers, the maintenance of its databases and the distribution of TLD zone files across name servers.
		Cloud computing service providers	'cloud computing service' means a digital service that enables on-demand administration and broad remote access to a scalable and elastic pool of shareable and distributed computing resources.
		Data centre service providers	'data centre service' means a service that encompasses structures, or groups of structures, dedicated to the centralised accommodation, interconnection and operation of information technology and network equipment providing data storage, processing and transport services together with all the facilities and infrastructures for power distribution and environmental control.
		Content delivery network providers	'content delivery network' means a network of geographically distributed servers for the purpose of ensuring high availability, accessibility or fast delivery of digital content and services to internet users on behalf of content and service providers.
		Trust service providers referred to in point (19) of Article 3 of Regulation (EU) No 910/2014	> REGULATION on electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal market and repealing Directive 1999/93/EC Art. 3(19) 'trust service provider' means a natural or a legal person who provides one or more trust services either as a qualified or as a non-qualified trust service provider
		Providers of public electronic communications networks referred to in point (8) of Article 2 of Directive (EU) 2018/1972 or providers of electronic communications services referred to in point (4) of Article 2 of Directive (EU) 2018/1972 where their services are publicly available	> DIRECTIVE 2018/1972 = EEC. Art. 2 (8) 'public electronic communications network' means an electronic communications network used wholly or mainly for the provision of publicly available electronic communications services which support the transfer of information between network termination points. Art. 4 (4) 'electronic communications service' means a service normally provided for remuneration via electronic communications networks, which encompasses, with the exception of services providing, or exercising editorial control over, content transmitted using electronic communications networks and services, the following types of services: (a) 'internet access service' as defined in point (2) of the second paragraph of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2015/2120; (b) interpersonal communications service; and (c) services consisting wholly or mainly in the conveyance of signals such as transmission services used for the provision of machine-to-machine services and for broadcasting.
9. Public administration		Public administration entities of central governments	
		Public administration entities of NUTS level 1 regions listed in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003	
		Public administration entities of NUTS level 2 regions listed in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003	
10. Space		Operators of ground-based infrastructure, owned, managed and operated by Member States or by private parties, that support the provision of space-based services, excluding providers of public electronic communications networks referred to in point (8) of Article 2 of Directive (EU) 2018/1972 = European Electronic Communications Code	

NIS 2.0 DIRECTIVE

IMPORTANT ENTITIES

Sector	Subsector	Type of entity	
1. Postal and courier services		Postal service providers referred to in point (1) of Article 2 of Directive 97/67/EC and providers of courier services	> DIRECTIVE 97/67/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 15 December 1997 on common rules for the development of the internal market of Community postal services and the improvement of quality of service. Art. 2 (1) postal services: services involving the clearance, sorting, transport and delivery of postal item.
2. Waste management		Undertakings carrying out waste management referred to in point (9) of Article 3 of Directive 2008/98/EC but excluding undertakings for whom waste management is not their principal economic activity	> DIRECTIVE 2008/98/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives. Art. 3 (9). 'waste management' means the collection, transport, recovery and disposal of waste, including the supervision of such operations and the after-care of disposal sites, and including actions taken as a dealer or broker.
3. Manufacture, production and distribution of chemicals		Undertakings carrying out the manufacture, production and distribution of substances and articles referred to in points (4), (9) and (14) of Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006	> REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC. Art. 3 (4) producer of an article: means any natural or legal person who makes or assembles an article within the Community. Art. 3 (9) manufacturer: means any natural or legal person established within the Community who manufactures a substance within the Community. Art. 3 (14) distributor: means any natural or legal person established within the Community, including a retailer, who only stores and places on the market a substance, on its own or in a ► M3(Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008) mixture ◀, for third parties.
4. Food production, processing and distribution		Food businesses referred to in point (2) of Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002	> REGULATION (EC) No 178/2002 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety. Art. 3 (2) 'food business' means any undertaking, whether for profit or not and whether public or private, carrying out any of the activities related to any stage of production, processing and distribution of food.
5. Manufacturing	(a) Manufacture of medical devices and in vitro diagnostic medical devices	Entities manufacturing medical devices referred to in Article 2 point 1 of Regulation (EU) 2017/745, and entities manufacturing in vitro diagnostic medical devices referred to in Article 2 point 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/746 with exception of entities manufacturing medical devices mentioned in Annex 1, point 5.	> REGULATION (EU) 2017/745 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 5 April 2017 on medical devices, amending Directive 2001/83/EC, Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 and Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 and repealing Council Directives 90/385/EEC and 93/42/EEC - LINK: https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32017R0745&from=fr - REGULATION (EU) 2017/746 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 5 April 2017 on in vitro diagnostic medical devices and repealing Directive 98/79/EC and Commission Decision 2010/227/EU LINK: https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32017R0746&from=FR

	(b) Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	Undertakings carrying out any of the economic activities referred to in section C division 26 of NACE Rev. 2	<p>26 Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products</p> <p>26.1 Manufacture of electronic components and boards</p> <p>26.11 Manufacture of electronic components</p> <p>26.12 Manufacture of loaded electronic boards</p> <p>26.2 Manufacture of computers and peripheral equipment</p> <p>26.20 Manufacture of computers and peripheral equipment</p> <p>26.3 Manufacture of communication equipment</p> <p>26.30 Manufacture of communication equipment</p> <p>26.4 Manufacture of consumer electronics</p> <p>26.40 Manufacture of consumer electronics</p> <p>26.5 Manufacture of instruments and appliances for measuring, testing and navigation; watches and clocks</p> <p>26.51 Manufacture of instruments and appliances for measuring, testing and navigation</p> <p>26.52 Manufacture of watches and clocks</p> <p>26.6 Manufacture of irradiation, electromedical and electrotherapeutic equipment</p> <p>26.60 Manufacture of irradiation, electromedical and electrotherapeutic equipment</p> <p>26.7 Manufacture of optical instruments and photographic equipment</p> <p>26.70 Manufacture of optical instruments and photographic equipment</p> <p>26.8 Manufacture of magnetic and optical media</p> <p>26.80 Manufacture of magnetic and optical media</p>
	(c) Manufacture of electrical equipment	Undertakings carrying out any of the economic activities referred to in section C division 27 of NACE Rev. 2	<p>27 Manufacture of electrical equipment</p> <p>27.1 Manufacture of electric motors, generators, transformers and electricity distribution and control apparatus</p> <p>27.11 Manufacture of electric motors, generators and transformers</p> <p>27.12 Manufacture of electricity distribution and control apparatus</p> <p>27.2 Manufacture of batteries and accumulators</p> <p>27.20 Manufacture of batteries and accumulators</p> <p>27.3 Manufacture of wiring and wiring devices</p> <p>27.31 Manufacture of fibre optic cables</p> <p>27.32 Manufacture of other electronic and electric wires and cables</p> <p>27.33 Manufacture of wiring devices</p> <p>27.4 Manufacture of electric lighting equipment</p> <p>27.40 Manufacture of electric lighting equipment</p> <p>27.5 Manufacture of domestic appliances</p> <p>27.51 Manufacture of electric domestic appliances</p> <p>27.52 Manufacture of non-electric domestic appliances</p> <p>27.9 Manufacture of other electrical equipment</p> <p>27.90 Manufacture of other electrical equipment</p>
	(d) Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	Undertakings carrying out any of the economic activities referred to in section C division 28 of NACE Rev. 2	<p>28 Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.</p> <p>28.1 Manufacture of general — purpose machinery</p> <p>28.11 Manufacture of engines and turbines, except aircraft, vehicle and cycle engines</p> <p>28.12 Manufacture of fluid power equipment</p> <p>28.13 Manufacture of other pumps and compressors</p> <p>28.14 Manufacture of other taps and valves</p> <p>28.15 Manufacture of bearings, gears, gearing and driving elements</p> <p>28.2 Manufacture of other general-purpose machinery</p> <p>28.21 Manufacture of ovens, furnaces and furnace burners</p> <p>28.22 Manufacture of lifting and handling equipment</p> <p>28.23 Manufacture of office machinery and equipment (except computers and peripheral equipment)</p> <p>28.24 Manufacture of power-driven hand tools</p> <p>28.25 Manufacture of non-domestic cooling and ventilation equipments</p> <p>28.29 Manufacture of other general-purpose machinery n.e.c.</p> <p>28.3 Manufacture of agricultural and forestry machinery</p> <p>28.30 Manufacture of agricultural and forestry machinery</p> <p>28.4 Manufacture of metal forming machinery and machine tools</p> <p>28.41 Manufacture of metal forming machinery</p> <p>28.49 Manufacture of other machine tools</p> <p>28.9 Manufacture of other special-purpose machinery</p> <p>28.91 Manufacture of machinery for metallurgy</p> <p>28.92 Manufacture of machinery for mining, quarrying and construction</p> <p>28.93 Manufacture of machinery for food, beverage and tobacco processing</p> <p>28.94 Manufacture of machinery for textile, apparel and leather production</p> <p>28.95 Manufacture of machinery for paper and paperboard production</p> <p>28.96 Manufacture of plastic and rubber machinery</p> <p>28.99 Manufacture of other special-purpose machinery n.e.c.</p>
	(e) Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	Undertakings carrying out any of the economic activities referred to in section C division 29 of NACE Rev. 2	<p>29 Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers</p> <p>29.1 Manufacture of motor vehicles</p> <p>29.10 Manufacture of motor vehicles</p> <p>29.2 Manufacture of bodies (coachwork) for motor vehicles; manufacture of trailers and semi-trailers</p> <p>29.20 Manufacture of bodies (coachwork) for motor vehicles; manufacture of trailers and semi-trailers</p> <p>29.3 Manufacture of parts and accessories for motor vehicles</p> <p>29.31 Manufacture of electrical and electronic equipment for motor vehicles</p> <p>29.32 Manufacture of other parts and accessories for motor vehicles</p>
	(f) Manufacture of other transport equipment	Undertakings carrying out any of the economic activities referred to in section C division 30 of NACE Rev. 2	<p>30 Manufacture of other transport equipment</p> <p>30.1 Building of ships and boats</p> <p>30.11 Building of ships and floating structures</p> <p>30.12 Building of pleasure and sporting boats</p> <p>30.2 Manufacture of railway locomotives and rolling stock</p> <p>30.20 Manufacture of railway locomotives and rolling stock</p> <p>30.3 Manufacture of air and spacecraft and related machinery</p> <p>30.30 Manufacture of air and spacecraft and related machinery</p> <p>30.4 Manufacture of military fighting vehicles</p> <p>30.40 Manufacture of military fighting vehicles</p> <p>30.9 Manufacture of transport equipment n.e.c.</p> <p>30.91 Manufacture of motorcycles</p> <p>30.92 Manufacture of bicycles and invalid carriages</p> <p>30.99 Manufacture of other transport equipment n.e.c.</p>
6. Digital providers		Providers of online marketplaces	'online marketplace' means a digital service within the meaning of Article 2 point (n) of Directive 2005/29/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council.
		Providers of online search engines	'online search engine' means a digital service within the meaning of Article 2(5) of Regulation (EU) 2019/1150 of the European Parliament and of the Council.
		Providers of social networking services platform	'social networking services platform' means a platform that enables end-users to connect, share, discover and communicate with each other across multiple devices, and in particular, via chats, posts, videos and recommendations).